

Precision Flight Controls, Inc. Qualification and Approval Guide (QAG)

GTX, GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion



Advanced Aviation Training Device

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FAA APPROVED QAG Signature and Date

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Compliance Statement

This Qualification and Approval Guide (QAG) provides a detailed description of all the required components, features, functions, and capabilities for the Precision Flight Controls, Inc. models **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion** are aviation training device. This includes any optional airplane configurations with quality color pictures and diagrams. This QAG is provided by Precision Flight Controls, Inc. to clearly describe and verify the required functionality of this aviation training device platform confirming its suitability for airman training and experience. The information as described in advisory circular AC 61-136, *FAA Approval of Aviation Training Devices (ATD) and Their Use for Training and Experience* is provided within this document. This includes listing all of the required qualifying items, functions, and capabilities. A valid FAA Letter of Authorization (LOA) specifying the credit allowances must accompany the training device when utilized for satisfying airman training or experience requirements specified in 14 CFR §61 or 141. "Additionally, FAA Order 8900.1 Volume 11 Chapter 10 Section 1 provides guidance to aviation safety inspectors facilitating ATD evaluations, approvals and oversite."

Precision Flight Controls, Inc. provides a detailed operations manual with each aviation training device model produced. This includes how to properly start, operate, and shut down the trainer. This includes how to operate and maintain the trainer as originally designed and tested. Precision Flight Controls, Inc. ensures that the operator of this training device is familiar and proficient with all the features and capabilities of this trainer, and how to correct any malfunctions that may occur.

The operator of this aviation training device is expected to become proficient in it operation before using it to satisfy any pilot experience requirements specified in the code of federal regulations. This includes maintaining its condition and functionally. This ATD must be maintained to its original performance and functionality, as demonstrated during the original FAA functional evaluation. This trainer cannot be used to log pilot time unless all the components of the trainer are in normal working order.

Only the aircraft configurations approved for this model can be utilized when satisfying FAA experience or training requirements. Any additions, changes, or modifications to this model, or the associated configurations, must be evaluated and approved in writing by the General Aviation and Commercial Division. This does not prohibit software updates that do not otherwise change the appearance of the systems operation. Operators who use these trainers to satisfy FAA pilot training or experience requirements specified in part 61 or 141 are obligated to allow FAA inspection ensuring acceptable function and compliance.

Any questions concerning FAA approval or use of ATDs should be directed to the General Aviation and Commercial Division.

Aviation Training Device (ATD) Description and Pictures

The Precision Flight Controls, Inc. models **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion**, **GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion** is based on the dimensions and layout of production general aviation aircraft. This trainer closely represents the overall functionality, performance, and instrumentation for the airplane. The platform consists of a visual system, instrument panel, avionics panel, and associated flight and instrument controls. A combination of hardware and software components are assembled and functionally checked by Precision Flight Controls, Inc.. All hardware components are designed and installed so the flight deck has the appearance and feel of an actual airplane.

The **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion**, **GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion** provide a realistic flight deck design, avionics interface, and reliable hardware/software performance. This platform provides an effective training environment for students and pilots in training. This includes the ability to accomplish scenario based flight training activities, instrument procedures and experience, pilot proficiency evaluations, simulated equipment failure, emergency procedures, and facilitates increased pilot competency.

Airplanes: Single Engine, Multi- Engine, Single and Multi-Engine representing Beechcraft, Cessna, Diamond, and Piper (as listed in this QAG).



GTX Shown with Three Monitors



GTX shown with Single Screen Visual Display and Instructor's Station Diamond Control Stick



GTX shown with Three Screen Visual Display and Instructor's Station Diamond Control Stick



GTX shown with Single Screen Visual Display and Instructor's Station With Yoke



GTX MAX ProMotion Shown with Instructors Station



GTX MAX Promotion (New Paint Scheme)



GTX MAX / GTX MAX Promotion Shown with Integrated Five Screen Visual System



GTX MAX / GTX MAX Promotion Center Flight Console Elevator Trim, Rudder Trim, Aileron Trim, Cowl Flaps and Fuel Tank Selector



GTX Shown in Multi-Engine Configuration



The PFC1000[™] or Garmin[™] G1000 Avionics Suites Includes PFD, MFD and GFC 710 Audio Panel. **Note:** All GPS devices have integrated NAV/COMMs. All flight instruments are controlled by rotary encoders, buttons or switches located on their respective panels.



Cirrus II Integrated Flight Console





Standby Instruments and Control Panel (Elevator Trim, Cowl Flaps and Flap Indicator)



Close up of Magneto Switches, Battery, Avionics and Alternator Switches and Light Switches The Master/Magneto Switches Can Be Used to Start Single Engine and Multi-Engine, Aircraft



Close up of (partial) Switches, Trim Rudder and Aileron TrimControls, Fuel Selector, Fuel Boost Pumps Cowl Flaps and Landing Gear



Flight Console Features



GTX MAX G1000 Replica Panels



GTX MAX Integrated Five Screen Visual



GTX MAX Flight Deck Showing PFD, MFD. Audio Panel and Standby Instruments



GTX MAX Master Start Panel



Diamond Seat with Control Stick



Detailed View of the PFD, MFD and Audio Panel

PFD with Integrated Autopilot



Standby Instruments and Control Panel (Elevator Trim, Cowl Flaps and Flap Indicator



Enhanced Yoke Controls with Elevator Trim, CWS, A/P Disconnect Switches

Clock Mounted To Yoke





Cessna Style Yoke

Engine Control Levers





Single Engine (Throttle Mixture) Single Engine (Throttle Prop Mixture)



Mulit-Engine Engine (Throttle, Prop, Mixture)



Twin Engine (Diamond)

SEL Vernier Configurations



Throttle Prop Mixture



Carburetor, Throttle Mixture



Throttle Mixture

Hardware and Software Components List

Detailed equipment list with description of hardware and software components installed or available.

Item	Component Name	Manufacturer	Model #	Version #	Quantity	Details
1	Enclosure Assembly	PFC	N/A	N/A	1	Sheet Metal Powder Coated
2	Instrument Panel	PFC	N/A	N/A	1	LED Display
3	Flight Controls (elevator and ailerons)	PFC	N/A	N/A	1	PFC Yoke / Brunner
4	Trim controls and indicator	PFC	N/A	N/A	1	Displayed on LCD
5	Flap control and indicator	PFC	N/A	N/A	1	LCD Display
6	Rudder pedals/brakes	PFC	Cirrus/Brunner	N/A	1	With Proportional Toe Brakes
7	Engine controls single engine	PFC	SEL	N/A	1	Interchangeable
8	Engine controls multi- engine	PFC	MEL	N/A	1	Interchangeable
9	Landing Gear Switch	PFC	N/A	N/A	1	Installed in Cirrus II Flight Console
10	Pilot seat (AATD)	PFC	PFCST	N/A	1 or 2	Adjustable height and forward/back position
11	NAV/COM 1	PFC	PFC 1000	N/A	1	Digital NAV/COM radio equipment
12	NAV/COM 2	PFC	PFC 1000	N/A	1	Digital NAV/COM radio equipment
13	PFC1000 PFD, MFD, Audio Panels	PFC	PFC 1000	N/A	1	Replication of Garmin G1000 Suite
14	Autopilot	PFC	PFC 710	N/A	1	Integrated G1000 Autopilot
15	Primary Flight Computer(s)	PFC	Intel I7	N/A	2	High Performance Computers
16	Flight Instrumentation Display Monitor	Samsung or Equal	N/A	N/A	2	LCD display for flight, navigation and engine instrumentation gauges with
17	Visual display monitors	Samsung or Equal	N/A	N/A	1 or 3	LED monitors
18	Electrical switches Battery, Alternator Magneto Switches	Cirrus II Flight Console	Cirrus II	N/A	As Required	Various toggle, push button, rotary and momentary switches used to control functions found in the airplane
19	Parking Brake Switch, Fuel Pump Switches, Fuel Tank Selector(s) Carb Heat, Landing Light, Nav Light, Taxi, Strobe Light, Pitot Heat, Anti-Ice, Cowl Flaps Carb Heat and Alt Air	Cirrus II Flight Console	Cirrus II	N/A	As Required	All switches are functional and show related system changes during normal and emergency operations
20	Audio system	PFC	Logitech	N/A	1	Integrated
21	Operating system	Microsoft Linux	Windows Ubuntu	7 or Better	As Required	Pre-installed on all computers required
22	Instructor Operating System (IOS)	X-Plane	Version 8 or higher	N/A	1	Controls simulation with moving map tracking, weather, simulated aircraft systems failure, etc.
23	Environment Simulation Control Software	X-Plane	X-Plane Lockheed Martin PrePar3D	N/A	1	Software used to create terrain location and control airplane performance data, instrumentation, navigation, visuals, sound, weather functions, etc.
24	Instrument Procedures and Navigational data Base used	DAFIF/Jeppesen	N/A	Current Data 28 Day Cycle	1	RealNav Data provides for FAA published instrument navigation procedures and data base per 14 CFR 97 (en-route and approach data)

Design Criteria List

The following section provides a detailed "word for word" listing and design criteria of each of the required items, functions, and capabilities listed in AC 61-136, (See Appendix B for BATD and Appendix C for AATD items "if applicable") and the operational performance (as applicable) for each of the functions described for the **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion**, **GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion** airplane ATD.

Basic ATD Requirements

All configurations for this model meet all AC 61-136, Appendix B requirements.

The GTX, GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion meet the following Control Input requirements.

(1) The airplane physical flight and associated control systems are recognizable as to their function and how they are manipulated solely from their appearance. These physical flight control systems do not use interfaces such as a keyboard, mouse, or gaming joystick to control the airplane in simulated flight.

(2) Virtual controls are those controls used to set up certain aspects of the simulation (such as selecting the airplane configuration, location, weather conditions, etc.) and otherwise program, effect, or pause the training device. These controls are part of the instructor station or independent computer interface.

(3) Except for the initial setup, a keyboard or mouse is not used to set or position any feature of the ATD flight controls for the maneuvers or training tasks to be accomplished. See the control requirements listed below as applicable to the airplane model represented. The pilot is able to operate the controls in the same manner as it would be in the actual airplane. This includes the landing gear, wing flaps, cowl flaps, carburetor heat, mixture, propeller, and throttle controls appropriate to the airplane model represented.

(4) The physical arrangement, appearance, and operation of controls, instruments, and switches closely models the airplane represented. This trainer recreates the appearance, arrangement, operation, and function of realistically placed physical switches and other required controls representative of an airplane instrument panel that includes the following:

- Master/battery;
- Magnetos for each engine (as applicable);
- Alternators or generators for each engine;
- Auxiliary power unit (APU) (if applicable);
- Fuel boost pumps/prime boost pumps for each engine;
- Avionics master;
- Pitot heat; and
- Rotating beacon/strobe, navigation, taxi, and landing lights.

(5) Only the software evaluated by the FAA is available for use on this computer system. Note: This does not prohibit software updates that do not otherwise change the appearance of the systems operation.

The **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion**, **GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion** meet the following additional airplane physical flight and airplane systems controls:

(1) A **self-centering displacement yoke or control stick** that allows continuous adjustment of pitch and bank (either mechanical or control loading).

(2) **Self-centering rudder pedals** that allow continuous adjustment of yaw and corresponding reaction in heading and roll.

(3) **Throttle or power control(s)** that allows continuous movement from idle to full-power settings and corresponding changes in pitch and yaw, as applicable.

(4) **Mixture/condition, propeller, and throttle/power control(s)** as applicable to the make and model of airplane represented.

(5) Controls for the following items, as applicable to the category and class of airplane represented:

- ➢ Wing flaps,
- ➢ Pitch trim,
- Communication and navigation radios,
- ➢ Clock or timer,
- ➢ Gear handle (if applicable),
- ➤ Transponder,
- > Altimeter,
- Carburetor heat (if applicable), and
- Cowl flaps (if applicable).

The GTX, GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion meet the following Control Input Functionality and Response Criteria:

(1) Time from control input to recognizable system response is without delay and does not appear to lag in any way. Precision Flight Controls, Inc. verifies that the **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion**, **GTX MAX GTX and GTX MAX ProMotion** meet this performance requirement.

(2) The control inputs are tested by the computer software at each session startup, and displayed as a confirmation message of normal operation or a warning message if the transport delay time or any design parameter is out of tolerance. It is not possible to continue the training session unless the problem is resolved and all components are functioning properly. This test considers all the items listed in the display and control requirements.

The GTX, GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX GTX and GTX MAX ProMotion meet the following Display Requirements:

(1) The following instruments and indicators are replicated and properly located in the instrument panel, as appropriate to the airplane represented:

• Flight instruments are in a standard configuration, represented as traditional "round dial" flight instruments, or as an electronic primary flight instrument display (PFD) and multi-function display (MFD) with reversionary and back-up flight instruments.

• A sensitive **altimeter** with incremental markings each 20 feet or less, operable throughout the normal operating range for the make and model of airplane represented.

• A magnetic direction indicator

• A **heading indicator** with incremental markings each 5 degrees or less, displayed on a 360 degree circle. Arc segments of less than 360 degrees are selectively displayed as applicable to the M/M of airplane represented.

• An **airspeed indicator** with incremental markings as shown for the M/M airplane represented; airspeed markings of less than 20 knots need not be displayed.

• A vertical speed indicator (VSI) with incremental markings each 100 feet per minute (fpm) for both climb and descent, for the first 1,000 fpm of climb and descent, and at each 500 fpm climb and descent for the remainder of a minimum $\pm 2,000$ fpm total display, or as applicable to the M/M of airplane represented.

• A gyroscopic rate-of-turn indicator or equivalent with appropriate markings for a rate of 3 degrees per second turn for left and right turns. If a turn and bank indicator is used, the 3 degrees per second rate index must be inside of the maximum deflection of the indicator.

• A **slip and skid indicator** with coordination information displayed in the conventional inclinometer format where a coordinated flight condition is indicated with the ball in the center position. A split image triangle indication or as appropriate for a PFD configuration is used.

• An **attitude indicator** with incremental markings each 5 degrees of pitch or less, from 20 degree pitch up to 40 degree pitch down or as applicable to M/M of airplane represented. Bank angles are identified at "wings level" and at 10, 20, 30, and 60 degrees of bank (with an optional additional identification at 45 degrees) in left and right banks.

• Engine instruments as applicable to the M/M of airplane represented, providing markings for the normal ranges including the minimum and maximum limits.

• A **suction gauge** or instrument pressure gauge, if applicable, with a display appropriate to the airplane represented.

• A **flap setting indicator** that displays the current flap setting. Setting indications should be typical of that found in an actual airplane.

• A **pitch trim indicator** with a display that shows zero trim and appropriate indices of airplane nose down and nose up trim, as would be found in the actual airplane.

• **Communication radio(s)** with a full range of selectable frequencies displaying the radio frequency in use.

• Navigation radio(s) with a full range of selectable frequencies displaying the frequency in use and capable of replicating both precision and nonprecision instruments, including approach procedures (each with an aural identification feature), and a marker beacon receiver. Examples include, an instrument landing system (ILS), non-directional radio beacon (NDB), Global Positioning System (GPS), Localizer (LOC) or very high frequency omni-directional range (VOR). Graduated markings as indicated below are present on each course deviation indicator (CDI) as applicable.

The markings include:

- > One-half dot or less for course/glideslope (GS) deviation (i.e., VOR, LOC, or ILS), and
- Five degrees or less for bearing deviation for automatic direction finder (ADF) and radio magnetic indicator (RMI), if installed.
- If equipped with a Primary Flight Display (PFD) and/or Multifunction Flight Display (MFD), the flight and navigation information and guidance replicates the avionics manufactures same scales and navigation information presentation.
- A **clock** with incremental markings for each minute and second, or a timer with a display of minutes and seconds.
- A **transponder** that displays the current transponder code.
- Fuel quantity indicator(s) that displays the fuel remaining, either in analog or digital format, as appropriate for the make and model of airplane represented.

(2) All instrument displays listed above are visible during all flight operations. All of the displays provide an image of the instrument that is clear and:

- (a) Does not appear to be out of focus or illegible
- (b) Does not appear to "jump" or "step" during operation.
- (c) Does not appear with distracting jagged lines or edges.
- (d) Does not appear to lag relative to the action and use of the flight controls.

(3) Control inputs are properly reflected by the flight instruments in real time and without a perceived delay in action. Display updates or actions show all changes (within the total range of the replicated instrument) that are equal to or greater than the following values:

- (a) Airspeed indicator: change of 5 knots.
- (b) Attitude indicator: change of 2 degrees in pitch and bank.
- (c) Altimeter: change of 10 feet.
- (d) Turn and bank: change of $\frac{1}{4}$ standard rate turn.
- (e) Heading indicator: change of 2 degrees.
- (f) Vertical speed indicator (VSI): change of 100 fpm.
- (g) Tachometer: change of 25 rpm or 2 percent of turbine speed.
- (h) VOR/ILS: change of 1 degree for VOR or ¹/₄ of 1 degree for ILS.
- (i) ADF: change of 2 degrees.
- (j) GPS: change as appropriate for the model of GPS based navigator represented.
- (k) Clock or timer: change of 1 second.

Note: PFD and/or MFD displays are representative of the avionics and systems found in their respective aircraft flight models.

(4) **Flight Displays reflect proper dynamic behavior of the airplane represented**. Examples: a VSI reading of 500 fpm reflects a corresponding movement in altitude, and an increase in power reflects an increase in the rpm indication or power indicator.

The GTX, GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX and GTX ProMotion meet the following Flight Dynamics requirements:

(1) Flight dynamics are comparable to the way the airplane represented performs and handles.

(2) Airplane performance parameters (such as maximum speed, cruise speed, stall speed, and maximum climb rate) are comparable to the airplane represented. A performance table is provided for each airplane configuration for sea level and 5,000 feet, to verify the appropriate performance).

(3) Airplane vertical lift component changes as a function of bank comparable to the way the airplane represented performs and handles.

(4) Changes in flap setting, slat setting, or gear position are accompanied by the appropriate changes in flight dynamics comparable to the way the make and model of airplane represented performs and handles.

(5) The presence and intensity of wind and turbulence is reflected in the handling and performance qualities of the simulated airplane and is comparable to the way the airplane represented performs and handles.

The GTX, GTX ProMotion, GTX MAX and GTX ProMotion meet the following:

Instructional Management Requirements:

(1) The instructor is able to pause the system at any time during the training simulation for the purpose of administering instruction or procedural recommendations.

(2) If a training session begins with the "airplane in the air" and ready for the performance of a particular procedural task, the instructor can manipulate the following system parameters independently of the simulation:

- Airplane geographic location,
- Airplane heading,
- Airplane airspeed,
- Airplane altitude, and
- Wind direction, speed, and turbulence.

(3) The **system is capable of recording** both a horizontal and vertical track of airplane movement for the entire training session for later playback and review.

(4) The instructor can disable any of the instruments prior to or during a training session and is able to

simulate failure of any of the instruments without stopping or freezing the simulation to affect the failure. This includes simulated engine failures and the following airplane systems failures: alternator or generator, vacuum or pressure pump, pitot static, electronic flight displays, or landing gear or flaps, as appropriate.

(5) This ATD has an available **navigational database** that is local (within 25NM) to the training facility location. All navigational data is based on **procedures as published per 14 CFR part 97.** This device uses Jeppesen and DAFIF NavData to support the instrument approach and navigation capabilities.

Advanced ATD Requirements

All configurations, as noted in AC 61-136, Appendix C meet the following *additional* AATD design criteria.

The **GTX**, **GTX ProMotion**, **GTX MAX and GTX ProMotion** have the following additional AATD features and components.

(1) A realistic shrouded (enclosed) or unshrouded (open) flight deck design with a singular and uniform instrument panel design representing a specific model airplane flight deck.

(2) Cockpit knobs, system controls, switches, and/or switch panels in realistic sizes and design appropriate to each intended function, in the proper position and distance from the pilot's seated position, and representative of the category and class of airplane being represented.

(3) Primary flight and navigation instruments are appropriately sized and properly arranged that exhibit neither stepping nor excessive transport delay.

(4) Digital avionics panels.

(5) A Global Positioning System (GPS) navigator with moving map display.

(6) A **Two-axis autopilot** is installed and appropriate flight director (FD).

(7) **Pitch trim** (manual or electric pitch trim) is available permitting indicator movement either electrically or analog in an acceptable trim ratio.

(8) Has An **independent visual system**, panel, or screen that provides realistic cues in both day and night VFR and IFR meteorological conditions to enhance a pilot's visual orientation in the vicinity of an airport including:

- Adjustable visibility parameters; and
- Adjustable ceiling parameters.

(9) A fixed pilot seat appropriate to the airplane configuration, including an adjustable height and an adjustable forward and aft seat position. The pilot should be oriented so that the pilot's line of sight is at

approximately at the same height of the top edge of the instrument panel.

(10) **Rudder pedals** secured to the cockpit floor structure or to the floor beneath the device in proper relation to cockpit orientation.

(11) A **push-to-talk switch** on the control yoke.

(12) A **separate instructor station** permitting effective interaction without interrupting the flight in overseeing the pilot's horizontal and vertical flight profiles in real time and space. This includes the ability to:

(a) Oversee tracks along published airways, holding entries and patterns, and Localizer (LOC) and glideslope (GS) alignment/deviation (or other approaches with a horizontal and vertical track).

(b) Function as air traffic control in providing vectors, etc., change the weather conditions, ceilings, visibilities, wind speed and direction, create light/moderate/ or severe turbulence, and icing conditions.

(c) Invoke failures in navigation and instruments, radio receivers, landing gear and flaps, engine power (partial and total), and other airplane systems (pitot static, electric, vacuum pump, etc.).

Available A/C Configurations and Performance Table







Beechcraft G58 Baron














































NAV1 <mark>108.00</mark> ↔ 117.95 NAV2108.00 117.95	DISNM	вяд° 136.975 ↔ 118.000 сонт 136.975 118.000 сонт
110 V 81 X 80 P	5 — 5 285° 10 — 10 5 — 5 285°	€ 0 - 2 - 100 - 1 - 240 - 300 60 - 400 - 500 - 2 - 29.92m
DB NORTH UP I	1. 2A	REFERENCES TIMER 00:00:00 UP START?
		Vr 80kt 0N > Vx 81kt 0N > vy 110kt 0N > F10 165kt 0N > F20 130kt 4 0N > HINTHURS 40FF FT %P0R1 1200 0N LCL 03:14:16
INSET SENSOR	PFD OBS CDI ADF/DME XPDR	R IDENT TMR/REF NRST MSG













Available A/C Configurations and Performance Table

#	Manufacturer	Model Number	Acft Type	Vso Dirty	Vs1 Clean	Vx Best Angle	Vy Best Rate	Vglide	Va	Vne Never Exceed	Vmca Min Control Speed	KTAS at Cruise @ 75% Power Setting	Rate of climb (fpm) at best rate (Vy), at full power or as recommended	Single Engine Climb Rate (at Vyse)
	G1000 ACFT													
1	Beechcraft Bonanza	G36	SEL	61	68	84	100	110	140	205	N/A	SL 165	1230	N/A
										600	00ft	175	920	N/A
2	Beechcraft Baron	G58	MEL	74	82	86	104	120	156	223	81	SL 188	1750	380
										600	00ft	200	1250	180
4	Cessna	172S	SEL	48	53	62	74	68	105	163	N/A	SL 114	730	N/A
										600	00ft	121	550	N/A
5	Cessna	182T	SEL	45	50	58	80	75	110	170	N/A	SL 135	1040	N/A
						_				600	00ft	145	945	N/A
6	Cessna	T182T	SEL	40	50	58	80	75	110	170	N/A	SL 139	1040	N/A
	6000fi							00ft	149	945	N/A			
7	Cessna	T206H	SEL	42	55	74	85	75	125	182	N/A	SL 140	1340	N/A
										600	00ft	146	950	N/A
8	Cessna	206H	SEL	47	59	69	89	80	125	182	N/A	SL 135	1150	N/A
										600	00ft	145	955	N/A
9	Cessna Corvalis	400	SEL	58	68	80	106	106	148	235	N/A	SL 165	1225	N/A
										600	00ft	175	958	N/A
10	Diamond	DA40	SEL	42	47	62	70	73	108	178	88	SL 133	830	N/A
										600	00ft	138	350	140
11	Diamond	DA42NG	MEL	58	62	82	90	85	126	196	76	SL 153	1170	220
										600	00ft	162	980	150
12	Piper Malibu /Matrix	PA46	SEL	58	68	90	110	90	135	203	N/A	SL 160	1150	N/A
										600	00ft	175	1050	N/A
13	Piper Archer III	PA28	SEL	45	50	76	64	76	113	154	N/A	SL 120	680	N/A
										600	00ft	125	400	N/A
14	Piper Seminole	PA44	MEL	58	62	82	88	104	135	202	63	SL 153	1350	220
										600	00ft	163	800	-50
15	Piper Seneca V	PA34	MEL	61	67	83	88	105	139	204	66	SL 180	1460	253
										600	00ft	195	750	172

Visual System Description and Pictures

The GTX utilize the Three and Curved Screen Visual System while the GTX MAX uses the Five Screen Enclosed Visual System



GTX Three Screen Visual (15" h x 60" wide)



GTX Curved Screen Visual 4k Monitor (16" h X 50" wide)



GTX MAX and GTX MAX ProMotion Five Screen Enclosed Visual 5x 40" 4k Monitors

Functions and Maneuvers Checklist

a. Pre-Takeoff (1) Engine start (2) Taxi and brake operation	
(2) Taxi and brake operation	Yes
	Yes
b. Takeoff	
(1) Run-up and powerplant checks	Yes
(2) Acceleration characteristics	Yes
(3) Nose wheel and rudder steering	Yes
(4) Effect of crosswind	Yes
(f) Instrument	Yes
(6) Flap operation	Yes
(7) Landing gear operation (if retractable)	Yes
c. In-Flight Operations	
(1) Climb	X7
(i) Normal and max. performance	Yes
(ii) One engine inoperative procedures (Multiengine only)	Yes
(2) Cruise	
(i) Correct performance characteristics (speed vs. power)	Yes
(ii) Normal and steep turns	Yes
(iii) Approach to stalls, (i.e. stall warning), stalls. Execute from takeoff,	Yes
cruise, and approach and landing configurations.	
(vi) In flight engine shutdown (multi-engine only)	Yes
(v) In flight engine start (multi-engine only)	Yes
(vi) Fuel selector function	Yes
	Yes
(3) Approach	
(i) Normal (with & without flaps) Check gear horn warning if applicable	Yes
(ii) Single engine approach and landing (multi-engine)	Yes
(iii) Best glide no power	Yes
(iv) Landings	Yes
	Yes
	Yes
d. Instrument Approaches	
(1) Nonprecision	
(i) GPS and LPV	Yes
(ii) GPS - WAAS (optional)	Yes
(iii) All engines operating	Yes
(iv) One engine inoperative (Multi-engine only)	Yes
(v) Approach procedures (VOR, VOR/DME, LOC procedures on an ILS, LDA, RNAV (RNP) or RNAV (GPS) to LNAV, LNAV/VNAV or LPV)	Yes

Functions and Maneuvers	Yes, No, or N/A
(2) Precision	
(i) ILS	Yes
(ii) GLS (optional)	No
(iii) Effects of Crosswind	Yes
(iv) One Engine Inoperative (Multi-engine only)	Yes
(v) Missed Approach	Yes
(A) Normal	Yes
(B) With One Engine inoperative (Multi-engine only)	Yes
e. Surface Operations (Post Landing)	
(1) Approach and landing roll	Yes
(2) Braking operation	Yes
(3) Reverse thrust operation, if applicable	Yes
f. Any Flight Phase	
(1) Airplane and Power Plant Systems	
(i) Electrical, mechanical, or hydraulic	Yes
(ii) Flaps	Yes
(iii) Fuel selector and oil temp/pressure	Yes
(vi) Landing gear (if applicable)	Yes
((i) Landing geur (il upprieuole)	105
(2) Flight Management and Guidance Systems	
(i) Two axis auto pilot (if standard equipment)	Yes
(ii) Flight director (AATD only) and system displays (if installed)	Yes
(iii) Navigation systems and optional display configurations	Yes
(iv) Stall warning systems avoidance	Yes
(v) Multi-function displays (PFD/MFD) if applicable	Yes
(3) Airborne Procedures	
(i) Holding	Yes
(ii) Uncoordinated turns – slipping and skidding demo	Yes
(iii) Configuration and power changes and resulting pitch changes	Yes
(iv) Compass turns and appropriate errors (if installed)	Yes
(4) Simulated Turbulence in Flight (light, moderate, severe)	Yes
(4) Parking and Engine Shutdown	
(i) Systems operation	Yes
(ii) Parking brake operation (if installed)	Yes
g. Can simulate engine failure, including failures due to simulated loss of oil pressure or fuel starvation.	Yes
	Yes
h. Can simulate the following equipment or system failures:	X
(1) Alternator or generator failure.	Yes

Functions and Maneuvers	Yes, No, or N/A
(2) Vacuum pump/pressure failure and associated flight instrument failures.	Yes
(3) Gyroscopic flight instrument failures.	Yes
(4) Pitot/static system malfunction and associated flight instrument failures.	Yes
(5) Electronic flight deck display malfunctions.	Yes
(6) Landing gear (if retractable) or flap malfunctions	Yes
i. Independent Instructor Station Requirements (AATD only)	
 (1) Displays published airways and holding patterns. Published airways and holding patterns are also provided via third party software, ie: ForeFlight 	Yes
(2) Displays airplane position and track.	Yes
(3) Displays airplane altitude and speed.	Yes
(4) Displays NAVAIDs and airports.	Yes
(5) Can record and replay airplane ground track history for entire training session.	Yes
(6) Can invoke instrument or equipment failures.	Yes

The computer component self-checks verify that all the features of the trainer are in working order. It is not be possible to continue the training session unless the problem is resolved and all the components are functioning properly.

During the initial start-up the ATD has the following **Screen Statement** is displayed on the instructor station or visual display before the trainer is used for training.

"All the flight instruments required for visual and instrument flight rules listed in part 91.205 must be functional at the start of the simulated flight session. Temporary instrument or equipment failures are permitted when practicing emergency procedures. If this simulated flight session will be used for instrument experience or currency requirements, the visual component must be configured to Instrument Meteorological Conditions [IMC] during the simulated flight session, including execution of instrument approaches from the final approach fix until reaching Decision Height [DH], Decision Altitude [DA], or Minimum Decent Altitude [MDA] as appropriate."

Notice: Any changes or modifications to this training device that have not been reviewed, evaluated, and approved in writing by General Aviation and Commercial Division will terminate FAA approval.

Instructor's Station (IOS)

(1) The instructor is able to pause the system at any time during the training simulation for the purpose of administering instruction or procedural recommendations.

(2) If a training session begins with the "airplane in the air" and ready for the performance of a particular procedural task, the instructor can manipulate the following system parameters independently of the simulation:

- ➢ Airplane geographic location,
- Airplane heading,
- ➢ Airplane airspeed,
- Airplane altitude, and
- > Wind direction, speed, turbulence, visibility, ceiling parameters

(3) The IOS is capable of recording both horizontal and vertical tracks of the aircraft movement. These recordings can be stored and then played back for review using a mouse, keyboard and IOS monitor.

(4) The instructor can disable any of the instruments prior to or during a training session and is able to simulate failure of any of the instruments without stopping or freezing the simulation to affect the failure. This includes simulated engine failures and the following airplane systems failures: alternator or generator, vacuum or pressure pump, pitot static, electronic flight displays, or landing gear or flaps, as appropriate.

(5) These ATDs have an available **navigational database** that is local (within 25NM) to the training facility location. All navigational data is based on **procedures as published per 14 CFR part 97.** These devices use Navigraph NavData along with Jeppesen NavData to support the instrument approach and navigation capabilities.

The system provides worldwide navigational database. All navigational data is based on procedures as published per 14 CFR part 97.

The **Instructor's Station** permits effective interaction without interrupting the flight in overseeing the pilot's horizontal and vertical flight profiles in real time and space. This includes the ability to:

(a) Oversee tracks along published airways, holding entries and patterns, and Localizer (LOC) and glideslope (GS) alignment/deviation (or other approaches with a horizontal and vertical track).

(b) Function as air traffic control in providing vectors, etc., change the weather conditions, ceilings, visibilities, wind speed and direction, create light/moderate/ or severe turbulence, and icing conditions.

(c) Invoke failures in navigation and instruments, radio receivers, landing gear and flaps, engine power (partial and total), and other airplane systems by using either a keyboard or mouse.

(e) ATC communications or a Line-Oriented Flight Training (LOFT) type training scenario in which the instructor can evaluate pilot performance without having to act as ATC.

(f) Live ATC communication can be provided via PilotEdge (third party service).

(g)The instructor's station can pause, freeze or reset the simulation anytime and then reposition the aircraft anywhere in flight or on the ground.

The instructor can manipulate the following simulation parameters independently of the simulation with the following methods or devices (using mouse, keyboard or touch tablet).

- > Aircraft geographic location: Mouse, Keyboard or Notebook
- > Aircraft heading: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- > Aircraft airspeed: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- > Aircraft altitude: mouse, Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- > Wind direction and speed: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- > Turbulence: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- Visibility: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- Cloud cover: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- > Dry, Wet, Icy Runway: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- Seasonal Changes: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet
- Wind/Rain/Snow: Mouse, Keyboard or Touch Tablet

FAILURES INCLUDED BUT NOT LIMITED TO: Failures Include (Engine)

- ➢ Engine Fire
- Engine Failures
- Oil Pressure
- > Oil Temperature
- > Oil Quantity
- ➢ TIT Temperature
- ► Fuel Pump / Fuel pressure
- ➢ Fuel System failures
- Power Loss

Failures Include (Instruments)

- ≻ AI
- > DG
- > VSI
- > ASI
- ≻ TC
- ➢ CD/LOC/GS
- PFD/MFD/Audio

- ➢ ECIAS
- STBY Instruments

Failures include (Systems)

- ➢ Vacuum system
- Pitot system
- > Static
- Electrical system
- Generator / Alternator
- Landing Gear Failures
- ➢ Flaps
- Brakes

Failures Include (Avionics)

- > NAV 1
- > NAV 2
- > COMM 1
- ≻ COMM 2
- > GPS
- > Autopilot
- > Transponder
- > DME
- > ADF

X-Plane Professional software has navigational databases, obtained and compiled from the NIMA's DAFIF data and/or Jeppesen for the United States, ICAO region K. All navigational data is based on procedures as published in 14 CFR Part 97 and is updated and maintained by Precision Flight Controls. Jeppesen NavData is available via the Jeppesen website and updateable via subscription on a 28 day cycle or as needed.

- > Aircraft geographic location: Mouse or Keyboard
- ➢ Aircraft heading: Mouse or Keyboard
- > Aircraft airspeed: Mouse or Keyboard
- > Aircraft altitude: Mouse or Keyboard

Weather:

- Wind direction and speed: Mouse/Keyboard
- Turbulence: Mouse/Keyboard
- Visibility: Mouse/Keyboard
- Cloud cover: Mouse/Keyboard

The instructor can manually preset or set failures prior to the beginning of a training session and can simulate failures without stopping or freezing the simulation. Each failure may be set by using the keyboard and mouse via the instructor's station.

The IOS is capable of recording both horizontal and vertical tracks of the aircraft movement. These recordings can be stored and then played back for review using a mouse, keyboard and IOS monitor.

Fuel management allows the user to easily manage the fuel weight and position.

A scenarios function allows the user to create save and recall a flight/training scenario for a later time. For example; the user may want to start the simulation with the aircraft located at Los Angeles International Airport with CAT III conditions on a specific runway or taxiway with improper fuel balance.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES:

Airport set page prepares the aircraft for flight, e.g., Fuel on Board, Weight and Balance, Fluids Quantities, Oxygen Levels, etc. Airport positioning allows the user to move/slew the aircraft to any location in the air or on the ground.

Approach page lets the user view the vertical and lateral flight path with the ability to pause or freeze the aircraft's position.

The environment section allows the user to easily change clouds and visibility, time of season and add rain, snow and winds.

The Map page is useful for tracking the aircraft in flight and verifying the aircrafts position along a route, also the instructor can use the map for issuing ATC commands.

The instructor has the ability to **Pause** and **Freeze** the simulation at any point using a keyboard and/or mouse.



The Weather Page allows the user to quickly set up weather condition, e.g. cloud types, wind speed and direction, turbulence, runway conditions and altimeter settings.



The moving map page is useful for tracking the aircraft in flight and verifying the aircrafts position along a route, also the instructor can use the map for issuing ATC commands.



Failures Screen

Access to all type of failures such as, landing gear, flaps, icing, alt air, flight controls, engine, navaids, avionics are almost limitless. Multiple failures can be achieved simultaneously as well.



The Systems Failures Page allows the user to set up system failures on the fly (immediate) or on an event.



The IOS shown above in map mode with Glidepath

Map also shows, Airports, Fixes, VORs, NDBs, Track, Compass Rose, Weather and Frequencies